

# Object-Oriented Databases

## Design and Implementation: OMS Avon

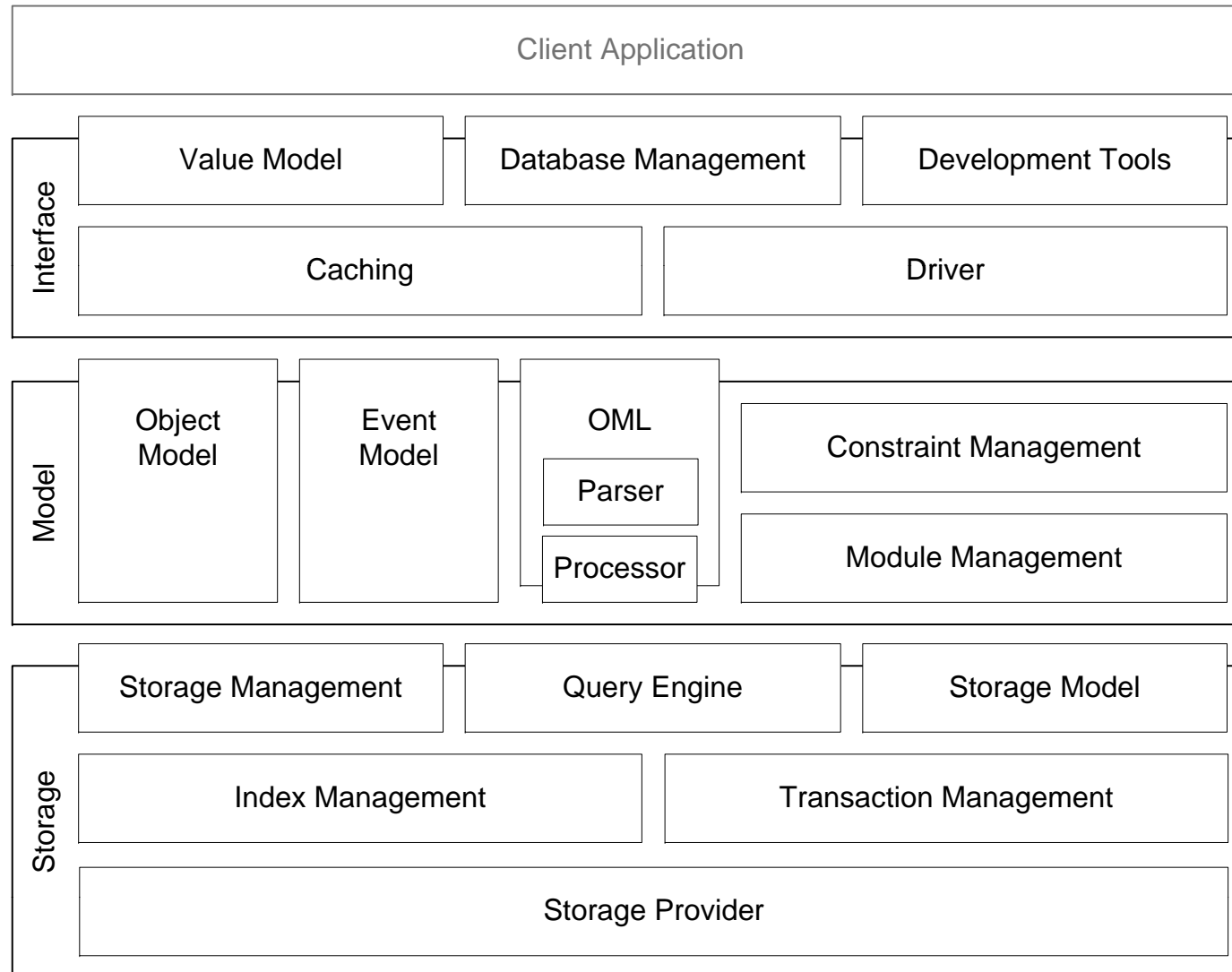
- Architecture
- Storage, Model and Interface Layer
- Database Modules



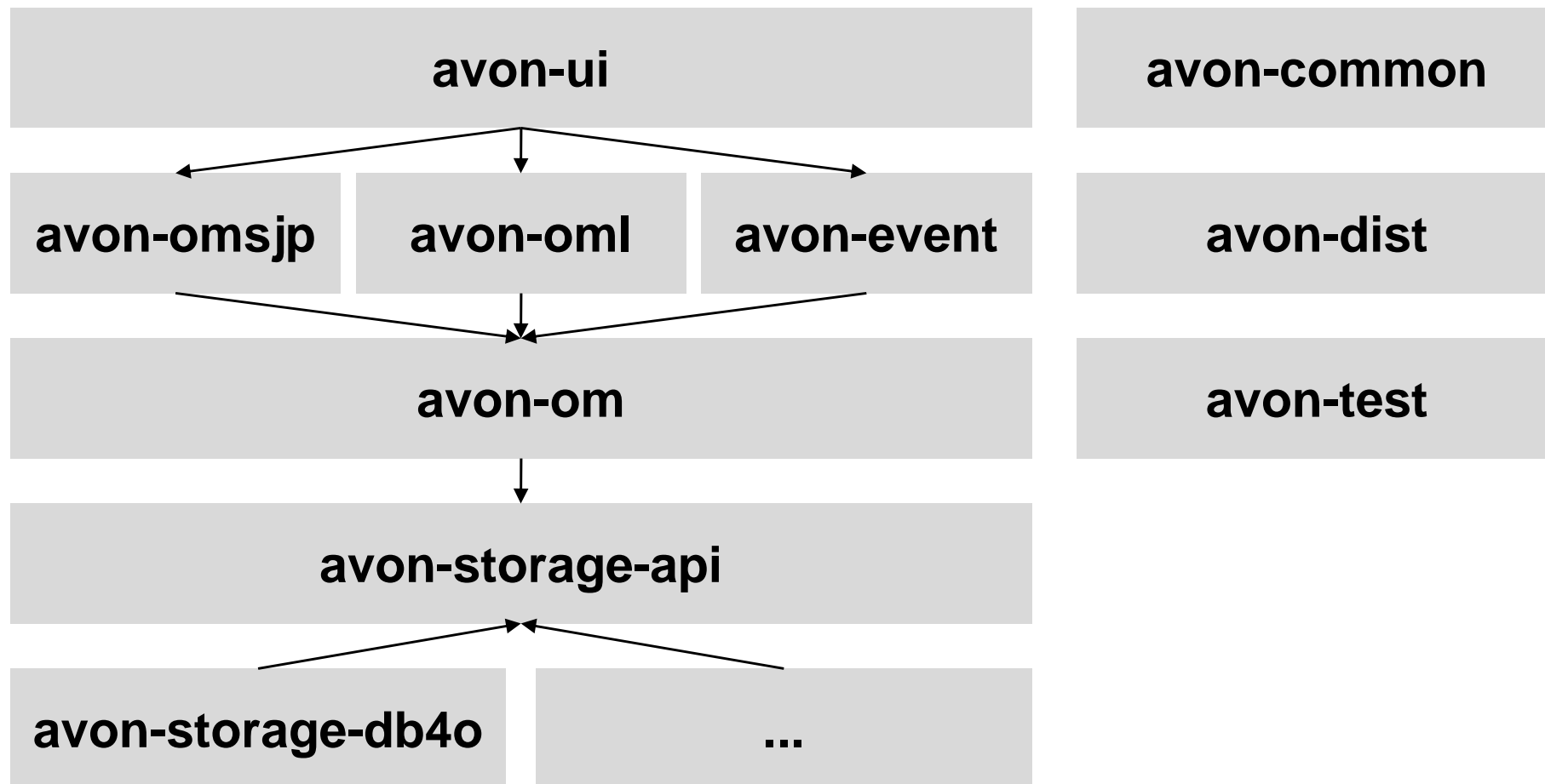
# OMS Avon

- Java implementation of the OM data model and OML
- Storage layer
  - manages low-level storage
  - package `ch.ethz.globis.avon.storage`
- Model layer
  - implements functionality associated with the OM data model
  - package `ch.ethz.globis.avon.om`
  - package `ch.ethz.globis.avon.oml`
- Interface layer
  - provides a high-level application programming interface
  - package `ch.ethz.globis.avon.omsjp`

# OMS Avon Architecture



# OMS Avon Project Modules



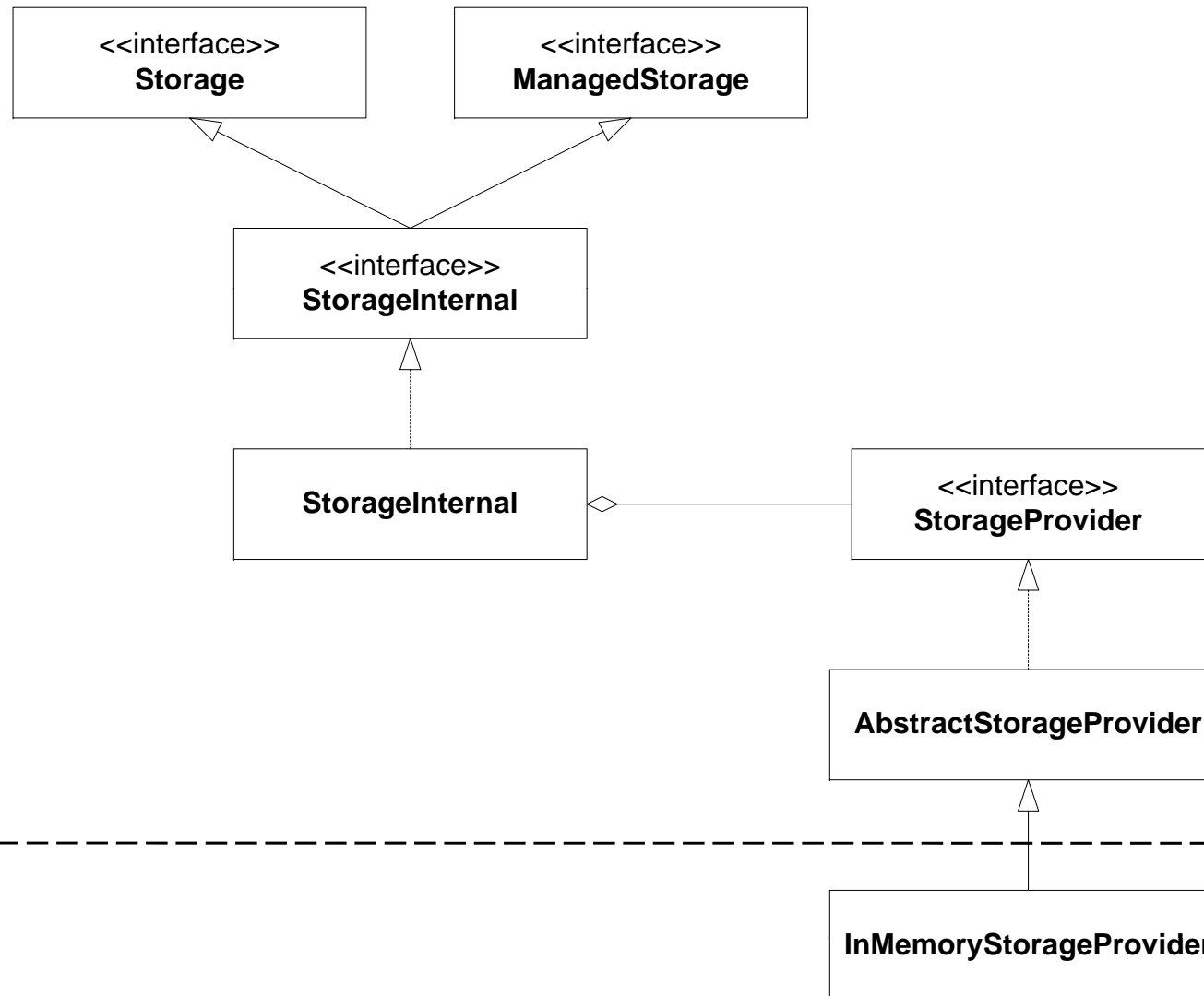
# OMS Avon Storage Layer

- Storage interface based on type and information units
  - type units provide metadata
  - information units store data
- Application programming interfaces for
  - create, retrieve, update and delete operations
  - schema evolution
  - creating and managing indexes
  - low-level query operators
  - transactions, concurrency control and recovery
- Extent value handles manage bulk values
- Various storage providers

# Storage Module

- Consists of three main parts
- Application Programming Interface
  - used by the model layer
  - encapsulates high-level functionality and concepts
- Internal
  - internal functionality
  - common and managed functionality
- Service Provider Interface
  - interface for storage providers that provide low-level functionality
  - db4o, Berkeley DB, in-memory

# Storage Module Design

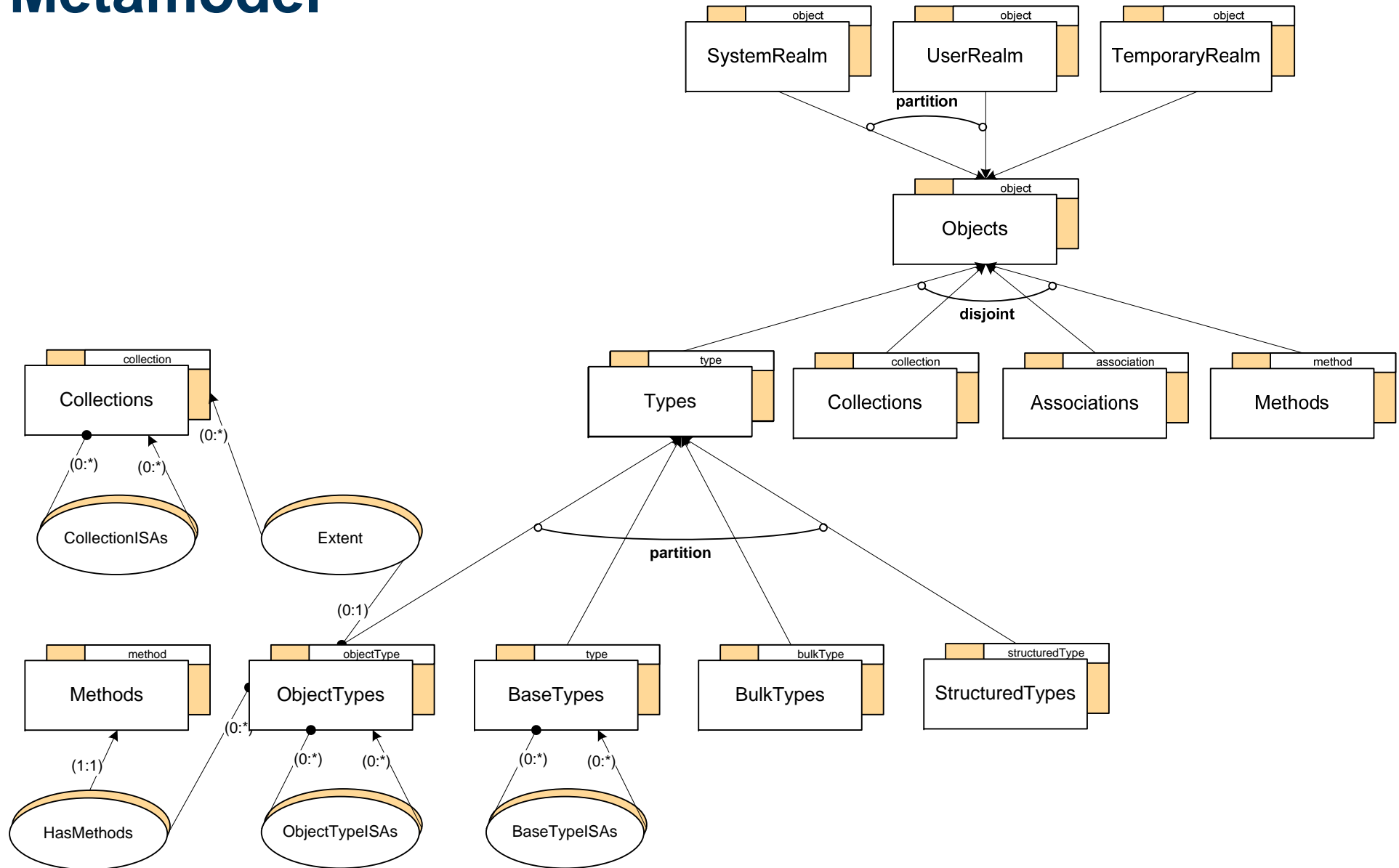


# OMS Avon Model Layer

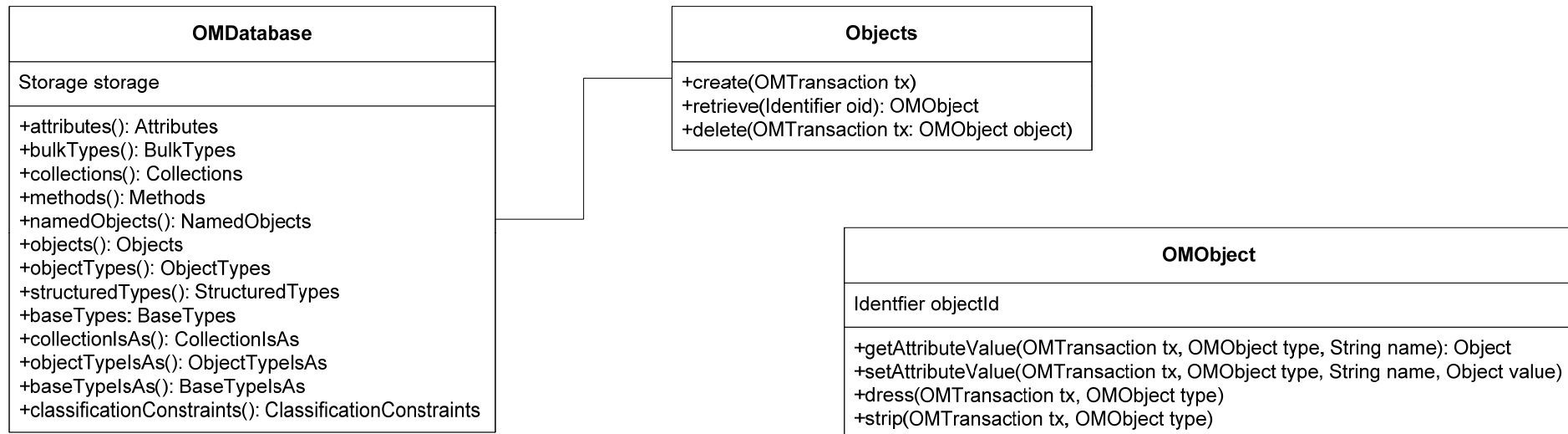
- One generic Java abstraction to represent OM objects
  - single point of extensibility
  - flexibility for database evolution
  - central control for transactions and recovery
- Classes for managing generic objects
  - create, retrieve, update and delete operations
- Utility classes to access and interpret generic objects
  - cache metadata and access data from the storage layer
- Entire OM metamodel is bootstrapped
  - metamodel is expressed using OM (metacircularity)
  - different flavours of the metamodel
  - metamodel extensibility



# Metamodel



# Application Programming Interface

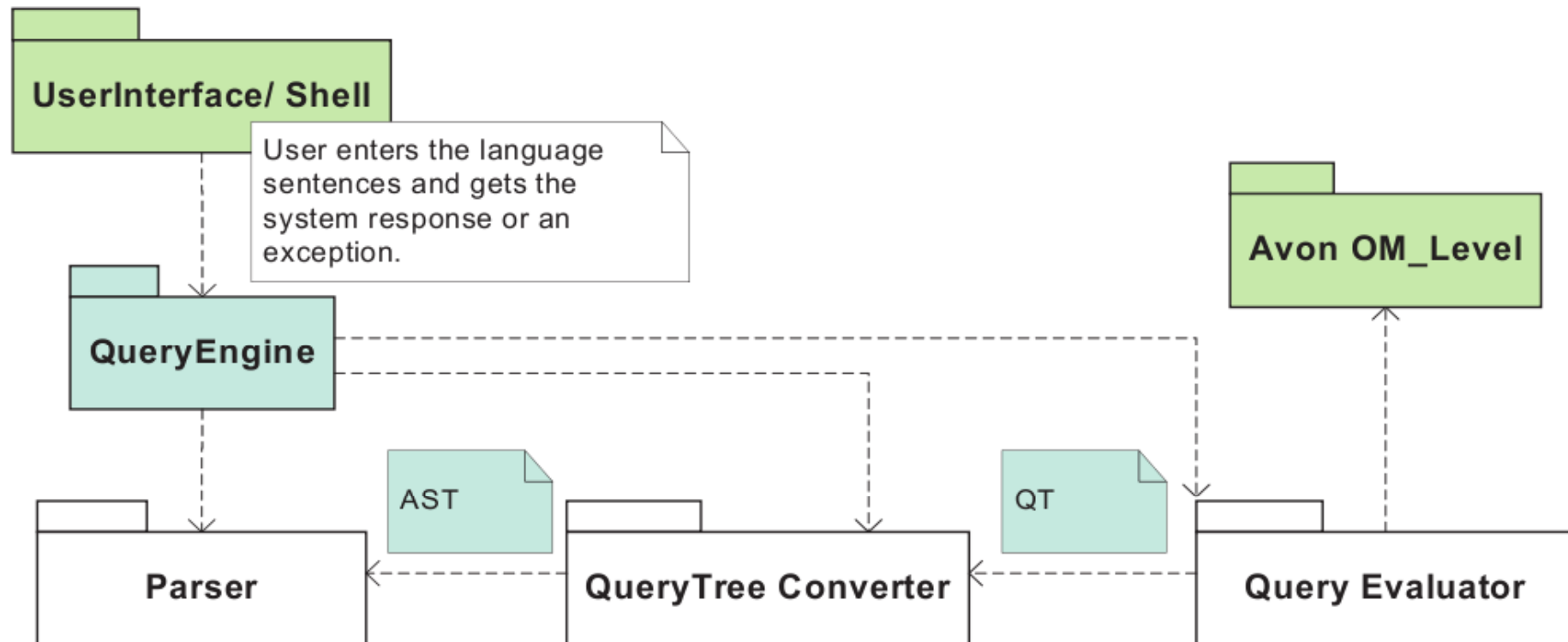


```
OMDatabase database = OMDatabaseManager.openDatabase("contacts.oms");
OMTransaction tx = database.beginTransaction();
OMObject object = database.objects().create(tx);
OMObject tPerson = database.namedObjects().retrieve(tx, "person");
object.dress(tx, tPerson);
OMObject tContact = database.namedObjects().retrieve(tx, "contact");
object.setAttributeValue(tx, tContact, "name", "Moira C. Norrie");
tx.commit();
```

# Database Modules

- OMS Avon support database modules that can extend or adapt the system for special application domains
- A database module consists of
  - metamodel extension to define new concepts
  - functionality that manages the new concepts
  - query language extension to interact with new concepts
- Existing database module
  - main system
  - event system
  - database proxies
  - peer-to-peer data sharing
  - personal information management

# OML Query Engine

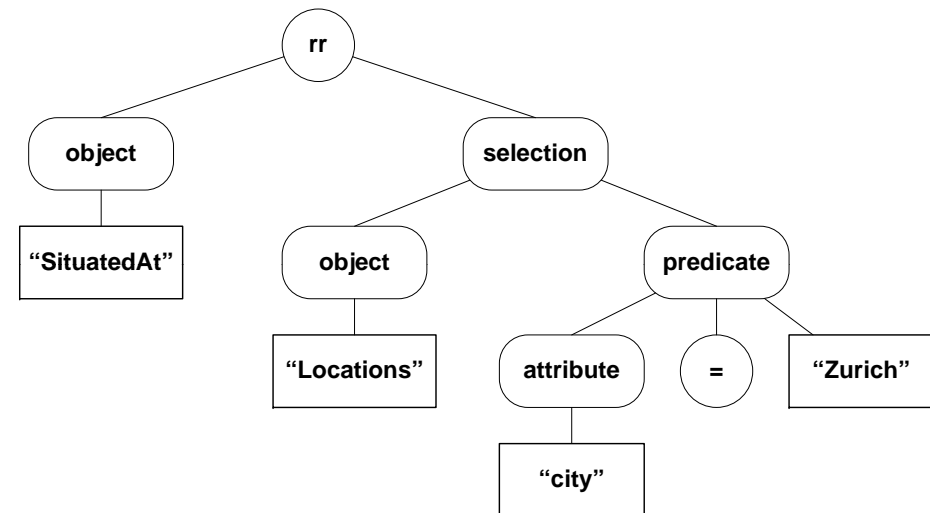


# OML Query Evaluation

- **Parser**
  - used JavaCC to generate parser and lexer
  - returns an abstract syntax tree (AST)
- **Query Tree Converter**
  - uses the visitor design pattern to processes AST in post-order
  - transforms the AST into a query tree (QT)
- **Query Tree Evaluator**
  - uses the visitor design patter to process QT in post-order
  - returns only the last result from the OML script
  - stores intermediated results in the node structure

# Query Tree

```
SituatedAt  
  rr(  
    all $l in Locations  
    having  
      ($l.city = "Zurich")  
  )
```



- QT nodes are atomic construct
- Used to build different database operations
  - selection, domain, range, iteration, object access

# OMS Avon Interface Layer

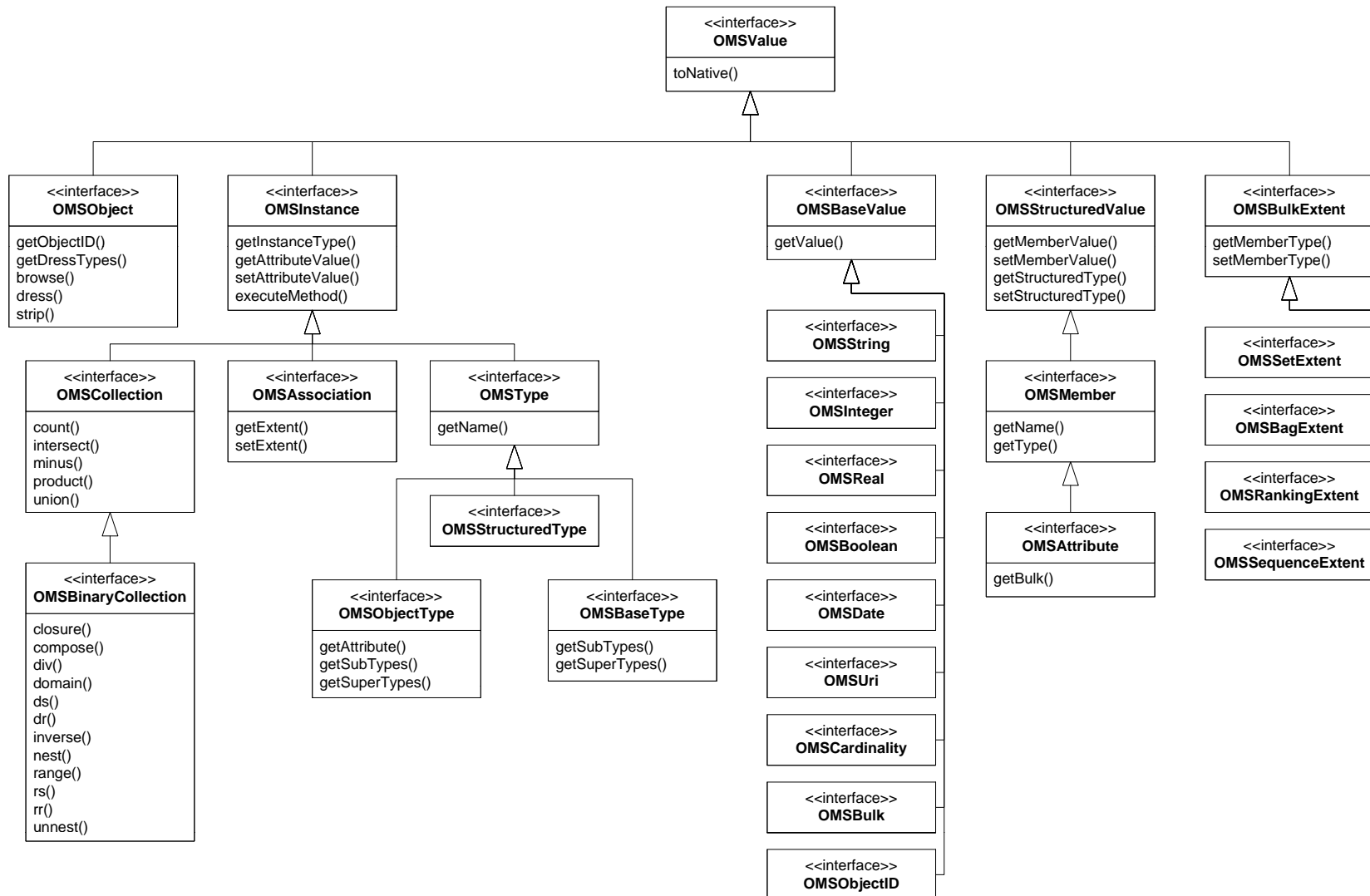
- OMS Avon provides alternative interfaces for application development
- OMSjp
  - uniform access to heterogeneous OMS databases
  - programmatic interface based on Java
  - equivalent to JDBC in the OMS world
  - maps Java types to OM types
  - provides Java abstractions for OM system concepts
- Object Model Language (OML)
- Graphical User Interface
  - OMSjp Eclipse plug-in with graphical schema editor
  - OMSjp Browser

# OMSDriver and OMSDatabase

- OMSDriver
  - provides database management functionality
  - abstraction of underlying implementation
  - one driver per supported platform
  - driver manager loads drivers based on configuration file
  - driver is configured via URL
  - `omsjp:platform://user/password@host:port/database`
- OMSDatabase
  - provides database functionality
  - create, update and delete object
  - query interface
  - schema management
  - import and export of databases



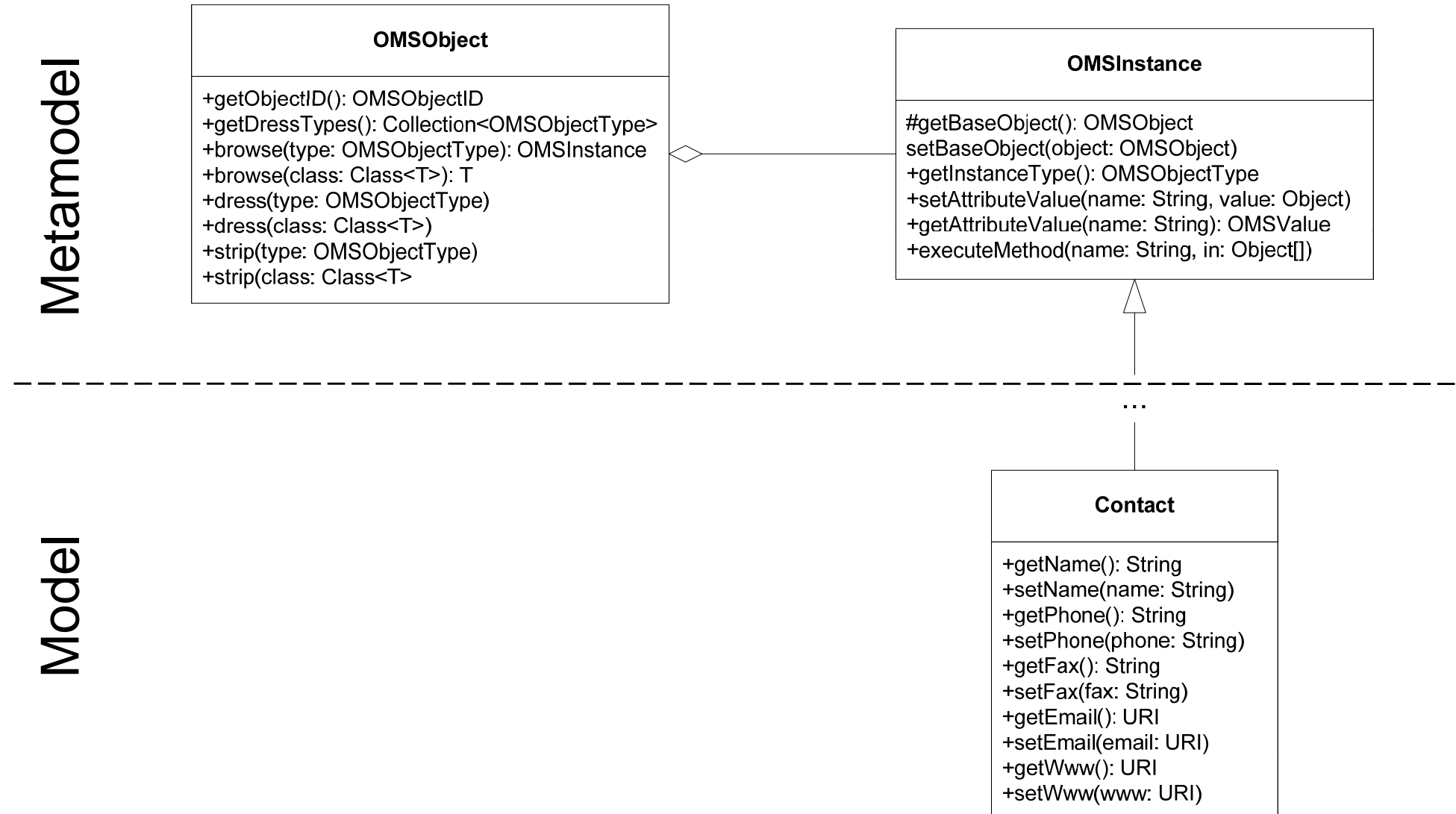
# OMSjp Value Framework



# Impedance Mismatch

- Mapping the OM object-model to the Java object-model creates a new impedance mismatch
  - multiple instantiation
  - multiple inheritance
- A single object is represented by multiple classes
  - a metamodel class of type `OMSObject`
  - several model classes of type `OMSInstance`
- Application-specific instance classes can be used instead of generic instance classes
  - if data model does not multiple inheritance, Java inheritance can be used to implement application-specific model classes
  - if data model does use multiple inheritance, application-specific model classes cannot use Java inheritance

# OMSObject and OMSInstance



# Using Application-Specific Instances

```
public class Contact extends AbstractInstance {
    public void setName(final String name) throws OMSEException {
        this.setAttributeValue("name", name);
    }
    public String getName() throws OMSEException {
        OMSString s = (OMSString) this.getAttributeValue("name")
        return s.getString();
    }
    ...
}
```

- Façade design pattern
- Access
  - method `browse()` of class `OMSObject`
  - automatically if context defines a type, e.g. in a query
- Mapping file defines instance type registrations
  - `contact = ch.ethz.globis.demo.contacts.Contact`

# OMSjp in Action

```
// connect driver and open database
OMSDriver driver =
    OMSDriverManager.getDriver("omsjp:avon:local://localhost");
OMSDatabase db = driver.openDatabase("contacts.oms");
// retrieve and access an object
Contact contact = db.getObject(Contact.class, "name", "Moira C. Norrie");
URI www = contact.getWww();
// dress an object and set new attribute value
Person person = contact.dress(Person.class);
person.setTitle("Prof");
// retrieve a collection and perform a query
OMSBinaryCollection worksFor =
    (OMSBinaryCollection) db.getCollection("WorksFor");
Organisation organisation =
    (Organisation) worksFor.dr(contact).range().first();
// close database and disconnect driver
driver.closeDatabase();
driver.disconnect();
```

# Using OML in OMSjp

```
// query for a single object
OMSValue result = db.evaluateQuery(
    "first(all $p in Persons having ($p.name = 'Maira Norrie'))");
Person moira = (Person) result;
moira.setName("Maira Norrie");

// query for a collection of object
OMSValue result = db.evaluateQuery("dom(SituatedAt rr(all $l in Locations
    having ($l.city = 'Zurich'))");
OMSCollection collection = (OMSCollection) result;
OMSBulkValue< ? > extent = collection.getExtent();
for (Object o: extent) {
    Contact contact = (Contact) o;
    System.out.println(contact.getName());
}
```

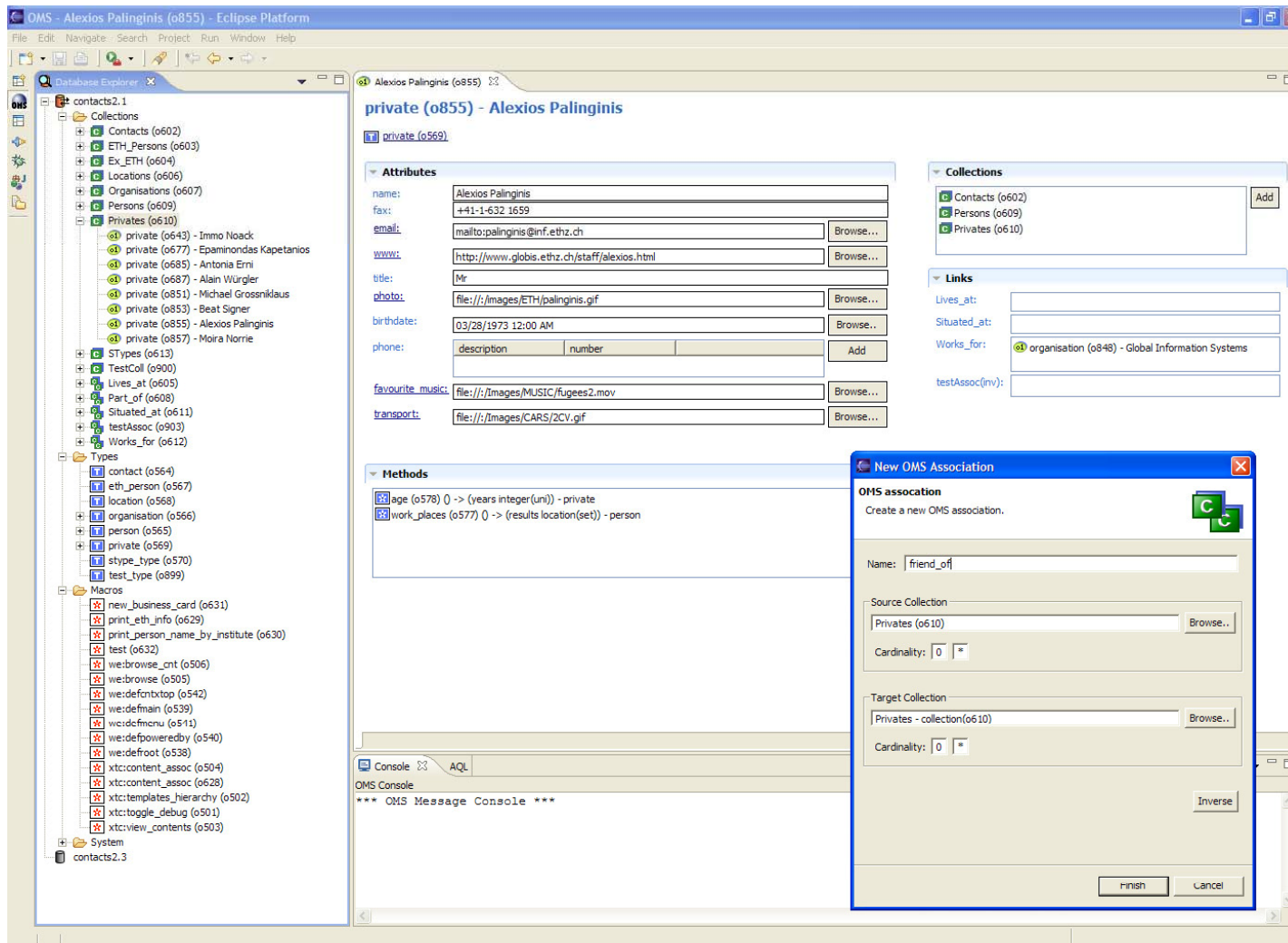
# OMSjp Database Browser

The screenshot displays three overlapping windows from the OMSjp Database Browser:

- Login to OMSjpOS**: A dialog box titled "OM OS Login Dialog" with the message "This is the login dialog to the best organisation system ever!". It contains a video feed of a man and a login form with the following fields:
  - Protocol: omsjp
  - Subprotocol: avon
  - Type: local
  - User: test
  - Password: masked with dots
  - Host: localhost
  - Port: (empty)
  - Database: system.oms
- Collections**: A tree view showing the database schema structure:
  - SystemRealm
  - ObjectTypes
  - BaseTypes
  - Methods
  - Collections
    - objectTypeHasMethods
    - tisas
    - cisas
    - bisas
    - objectTypeHasExtent
  - Objects
  - Types
  - Associations
  - StructuredTypes
  - UserRealm
  - TemporaryRealm
  - BulkTypes
- OMLEditor**: A window for editing OML (Object Modeling Language) scripts. The visible code is:

```
create type contact (  
  name: string;  
  phone: string;  
  fax: string;  
);  
  
create type organisation subtype of contact (  
  description: string  
);  
  
create type person subtype of contact (  
  title: string;  
);  
  
$stefania = create object;  
  
dress $stefania as contact (name = "Stefania Leone", phone = "+41 44 632 86 47", fax = "+41 44 63  
dress $stefania as person (title = "dipl. inform.");  
  
create collection Persons: set of person;  
  
insert into Persons: [ $stefania ];
```

# OMSjp Eclipse Plug-in





# Next Week

## Support for Context-Aware Data Management

- Notion of Content and Version Model
- Query Processing
- Implementation

